Name. $\qquad$
Reg. No. $\qquad$

# SECOND SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION APRIL 2021 

B.C.A.<br>BCA 2C 04—OPERATIONS RESEARCH

Maximum : 60 Marks

## Section A (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer at least eight questions.
Each question carries 3 marks.
All questions can be attended.
Overall Ceiling 24.

1. Write any two applications of OR ?
2. What do you mean by an objective function of an LPP ?
3. What are the basic assumptions of a LPP ?
4. What do you mean by an artificial variable ?
5. What do you mean by basic feasible solution of a Transportation problem?
6. What are Assignment problems ?
7. Define Travelling salesman problem.
8. What do you mean by Degeneracy in a TP ?
9. What is network analysis?
10. What is meant by a Critical path? Why should we know which activities are critical ?
11. What is dummy activity?
12. Distinguish between 'Slack' and 'float'.

## Section B (Short Essay Type Questions)

Answer at least five questions.
Each question carries 5 marks.
All questions can be attended.
Overall Ceiling 25.
13. What are the limitations of OR ?

C 4353
14. Solve Graphically :

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { Maximizes }=3 x_{1}+5 x_{2} \\
\text { subjected to } x_{1}+2 x_{2} \leq 2000 ; \\
x_{1}+x_{2} \leq 1500 ; \\
x_{2} \leq 600 ; \\
x_{1}, x_{2} \geq \quad 0
\end{array}
$$

15. A manufacturer of furniture makes two products, chairs and tables. Processing of these products is done on two machines A and B. A chair requires 2 hours on machine $A$ and 6 hours on machine B. $A$ table requires 5 hours on machine and no time on machine $B$. There are 16 hours of time per day available on machine A and 30 hours on machine B. Profit gained by the manufacturer from a chair is Re. 1 and from a table is Rs. 5 respectively. Formulate the problem into a LPP in order to maximise the total profit?
16. Find the initial solution of the following TP by using Lowest cost entry method :

|  | $\mathrm{D}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{D}_{3}$ | Supply |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{O}_{1}$ | 2 | 7 | 4 | 5 |
| $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ | 3 | 3 | 1 | 8 |
| $\mathrm{O}_{3}$ | 5 | 4 | 7 | 7 |
| $\mathrm{O}_{4}$ | 1 | 6 | 2 | 14 |
| Demand | 7 | 9 | 18 |  |

17. Find the optimal solution to the following Assignment problem showing the cost for assigning workers to jobs:

$$
\text { Workers } \begin{gathered}
x \\
{\left[\begin{array}{ccc}
18 & 17 & 16 \\
15 & 13 & 14 \\
19 & 20 & 21
\end{array}\right] .}
\end{gathered}
$$

18. Draw a network diagram to the following set of activities :

| Activities | Preceeding activities |
| :---: | :---: |
| A | ---------------- |
| B | A |
| C | A |
| D | B and C |
| E | B and C |
| F | B and C |
| G | D and E |
| H | F |
| I | F |
| J | G |
| K | H and I |
| L | H and I |
| M | J, K and L |
| N |  |

19. Distinguish between PERT and CPM.

## Section C

Answer any one question.
The question carries 11 marks.
20. Solve the following LPP by using Two-phase simplex method :

Maximize Z $=5 x_{1}+8 x_{2}$
subjected to: $3 x_{1}+2 x_{2} \geq 3$

$$
\begin{aligned}
x_{1}+4 x_{2} & \geq 4 \\
x_{1}+x_{2} & \leq 5 \\
x_{1}, x_{2} & \geq 0 .
\end{aligned}
$$

21. Solve the following minimal assignment problems :

|  | I | II | III | IV | V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
| B | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 5 |
| C | 5 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 6 |
| D | 3 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| E | 1 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 4 |

